1970s

The 1970s proved to be an era of great technological and scientific advances, including the appearance of the first commercial microprocessor, the Intel 4004. The National Cancer Institute is established in its current form by the National Cancer Act in 1971, helping define the field of oncology. In 1973, the trustees of the University and Hospital approve the construction of the Johns Hopkins Oncology Center, which opens in April 1977. The Center is the first to earn comprehensive cancer center status and recognition as a "Center of Excellence."



1968 Our first bone marrow transplant is performed

Apollo II astronauts Neil Armstrong and Edwin "Buzz" Aldrin become the first humans ever to land on the moon.



Hank Aaron becomes baseball's all-time home run leader hitting number 715.

1975 Center is site of nation's first cancer pharmacology program



1977 The Johns Hopkins Oncology Center opened

Nursing develops unique patient acuity system



Sony releases the first portable music system, the Walkman.



Early Hopkins' pioneers in cancer drug delivery, Michael Colvin, with Albert Owens.

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Oncology receives department status

1973

Construction of Oncology Center approved 1976 Pediatric oncology program established 1978 Community Outreach Program initiated

Nurse-run Breast Lesion and Evaluation Program established



The epic space opera film, Star Wars is released, and quickly becomes one of the highest-grossing movies of all time.

TURNING RESEARCH INTO RESULTS 1973-2023