

Reference number(s)
4042-A

## SPECIALTY GUIDELINE MANAGEMENT

### TECARTUS (brexucabtagene autoleucl)

#### POLICY

##### I. INDICATIONS

The indications below including FDA-approved indications and compendial uses are considered a covered benefit provided that all the approval criteria are met and the member has no exclusions to the prescribed therapy.

##### FDA-Approved Indications

1. Adult patients with relapsed or refractory mantle cell lymphoma (MCL)
2. Adult patients with relapsed or refractory B-cell precursor acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL)

All other indications are considered experimental/investigational and not medically necessary.

##### II. DOCUMENTATION

Submission of the following information is necessary to initiate the prior authorization review:

- A. For all indications: Chart notes, medical record documentation or claims history supporting previous lines of therapy.
- B. For Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia: Testing or analysis confirming morphological disease in the bone marrow ( $\geq 5\%$  blasts).

##### III. EXCLUSIONS

Coverage will not be provided for members with any of the following exclusions:

- A. ECOG performance status greater than or equal to 3 (member is not ambulatory and not capable of all self-care, confined to bed or chair more than 50% of waking hours)
- B. Inadequate and unstable kidney, liver, pulmonary or cardiac function
- C. Active hepatitis B, active hepatitis C or any active uncontrolled infection
- D. Active inflammatory disorder

##### IV. CRITERIA FOR INITIAL APPROVAL

###### A. Mantle Cell Lymphoma

Authorization of 3 months may be granted for treatment of mantle cell lymphoma in members 18 years of age or older when all of the following criteria are met:

1. The disease is relapsed or refractory.
2. The member has had previous treatment with both chemoimmunotherapy and a bruton tyrosine kinase inhibitor (e.g., ibrutinib).
3. The member has not received a previous treatment course of brexucabtagene autoleucl or another CD19-directed chimeric antigen receptor (CAR) T-cell therapy.

###### B. Adult Relapsed or Refractory B-cell precursor Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia (ALL)

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Authorization of 3 months may be granted for the treatment of B-cell precursor acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL) in members 18 years of age or older when all of the following criteria are met:

1. The member has not received a previous treatment course of the requested medication or another CD19-directed chimeric antigen receptor (CAR-T) therapy, or any prior CD19 directed therapy other than blinatumomab.
2. The member meets either of the following criteria:
  - i. Member has Philadelphia chromosome-negative disease that is relapsed or refractory as defined as one of the following:
    - a. Primary refractory disease
    - b. First relapse with remission of 12 months or less
    - c. Relapsed or refractory disease after at least 2 previous lines of systemic therapy
    - d. Relapsed or refractory disease after allogeneic stem cell transplant (allo-SCT)
  - ii. Member has Philadelphia chromosome-positive disease and meets any of the following:
    - a. The member has relapsed or refractory disease despite treatment with at least 2 different tyrosine kinase inhibitors (TKIs) (e.g., bosutinib, dasatinib, imatinib, nilotinib, ponatinib)
    - b. The member is intolerant to TKI therapy
3. The member has morphological disease in the bone marrow ( $\geq 5\%$  blasts)
4. The member does not have active graft versus host disease.

## V. REFERENCES

1. Tecartus [package insert]. Santa Monica, CA: Kite Pharma, Inc.; October 2021.
2. The NCCN Drugs & Biologics Compendium® © 2023 National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. <https://www.nccn.org>. Accessed June 6, 2023.
3. Wang M, Munoz J, Goy A, et al. KTE-X19 CAR T-Cell Therapy in Relapsed or Refractory Mantle-Cell Lymphoma. *NEJM* 2020; 382:1331-1342.
4. Shah BD, Ghobadi A, Oluwole OO, et al. KTE-X19 for relapsed or refractory adult B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukaemia: phase 2 results of the single-arm, open-label, multicentre ZUMA-3 study. *Lancet*. 2021;398(10299):491-502.