

SPECIALTY GUIDELINE MANAGEMENT

CRYSVITA (burosumab-twza)

POLICY

I. INDICATIONS

The indications below including FDA-approved indications and compendial uses are considered a covered benefit provided that all the approval criteria are met and the member has no exclusions to the prescribed therapy.

FDA-Approved Indications

Crysvita is indicated for the treatment of:

1. X-linked hypophosphatemia (XLH) in adult and pediatric patients 6 months of age and older.
2. FGF23-related hypophosphatemia in tumor-induced osteomalacia (TIO) associated with phosphaturic mesenchymal tumors that cannot be curatively resected or localized in adult and pediatric patients 2 years of age and older.

All other indications are considered experimental/investigational and not medically necessary.

II. DOCUMENTATION

A. X-linked hypophosphatemia

Submission of the following information is necessary to initiate the prior authorization review for X-linked hypophosphatemia (XLH):

1. Initial requests:
 - a. Radiographic evidence of rickets or other bone disease attributed to XLH
 - b. At least one of the following:
 - i. Genetic testing results confirming the member has a PHEX (phosphate regulating gene with homology to endopeptidases located on the X chromosome) mutation
 - ii. Genetic testing results confirming a PHEX mutation in a directly related family member with appropriate X-linked inheritance
 - iii. Lab test results confirming the member's serum fibroblast growth factor 23 (FGF23) level is above the upper limit of normal or abnormal for the assay.
2. Continuation of therapy requests: documentation (e.g., chart notes, lab test results) of a response to therapy (e.g., increase or normalization in serum phosphate, improvement in bone and joint pain, reduction in fractures, improvement in skeletal deformities).

B. Tumor induced osteomalacia

Submission of the following information is necessary to initiate the prior authorization review for tumor induced osteomalacia (TIO):

1. Initial requests:
 - a. Lab test results confirming the member's serum fibroblast growth factor 23 (FGF23) level is above the upper limit of normal or abnormal for the assay.
 - b. Fasting serum phosphorus levels less than 2.5 mg/dL
 - c. Ratio of renal tubular maximum reabsorption rate of phosphate to glomerular filtration rate (TmP/GFR) less than 2.5 mg/dL

Reference number(s)
2562-A

2. Continuation of therapy requests: documentation (e.g., chart notes, lab test results) of a response to therapy (e.g., increase or normalization in serum phosphate, improvement in bone and joint pain, reduction in fractures, improvement in skeletal deformities).

III. CRITERIA FOR INITIAL APPROVAL

A. X-linked hypophosphatemia (XLH)

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for treatment of X-linked hypophosphatemia (XLH) when both of the following criteria is met:

1. The member meets one of the following:
 - a. Genetic testing was conducted to confirm a PHEX mutation in the member and genetic testing results were submitted confirming diagnosis.
 - b. Genetic testing was conducted to confirm a PHEX mutation in a directly related family member with appropriate X-linked inheritance and genetic testing results were submitted confirming diagnosis.
 - c. Member's FGF23 level is above the upper limit of normal or abnormal for the assay and lab test results were submitted confirming diagnosis.
2. Member has radiographic evidence of rickets or other bone disease attributed to XLH.

B. Tumor-induced osteomalacia (TIO)

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for treatment of tumor-induced osteomalacia (TIO) when the following criteria is met:

1. Member's diagnosis is confirmed by ALL of the following and lab test results were submitted confirming diagnosis:
 - a. FGF23 level is above the upper limit of normal or abnormal for the assay.
 - b. Fasting serum phosphorus levels are less than 2.5 mg/dL
 - c. Ratio of renal tubular maximum reabsorption rate of phosphate to glomerular filtration rate (TmP/GFR) is less than 2.5 mg/dL
2. Member's disease is associated with phosphaturic mesenchymal tumors that cannot be curatively resected or localized.

IV. CONTINUATION OF THERAPY

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for continued treatment in members requesting reauthorization for an indication listed in Section III who are currently receiving the requested medication through a paid pharmacy or medical benefit and who are experiencing benefit from therapy as evidenced by disease improvement or disease stability (e.g., increase or normalization in serum phosphate, improvement in bone and joint pain, reduction in fractures, improvement in skeletal deformities).

V. REFERENCES

1. Crysvida [package insert]. Princeton, NJ: Kyowa Kirin, Inc.; March 2023.
2. NIH. U.S. National Library of Medicine. ClinicalTrials.gov website. <http://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT02163577>. Accessed October 24, 2018.
3. NIH. U.S. National Library of Medicine. ClinicalTrials.gov website. <http://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT02526160>. Accessed October 24, 2018.
4. Dieter, H., Emma, F., Eastwood, D.M., et.al. Clinical Practice Recommendations for the Diagnosis and Management of X-linked Hypophosphataemia. *Nature Reviews Nephrology* 15, 435-455 (2019).
5. NIH. U.S. National Library of Medicine. ClinicalTrials.gov website. <http://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT02304367>. Accessed June 30, 2020.

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6. Chong WH, Molinolo AA, Chen CC, et.al Tumor-induced Osteomalacia. *Endocrine Related Cancer* 18:R53-R77 (2011).
7. Fauconnier C, Roy T, Gillerot G, et al. FGF23: Clinical usefulness and analytical evolution. *Clin Biochem.* 2019