Common Qualitative Methodologies and Research Designs in Health Professions Education

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Qualitative research includes many methodological approaches or research designs; we present the five most commonly used in health professions education. Choice of methodology will depend on the focus of inquiry and the framing of the research question. Each methodology has a specific goal. While data collection strategies (e.g., interview, focus group, observation, document review) often overlap, the approach to data analysis varies for each methodology, resulting in different research outcomes. Understanding the key features of each methodology will help researchers choose the best methodological fit for their research question.

Sample scenario: The pediatrics ward has implemented family-centered ward rounds. Concerns arise regarding didactic teaching in front of patients. Some suggest using role modeling of patient care as a teaching strategy. You wonder how students perceive teaching on family-centered rounds, if role modeling is perceived as teaching, and whether teachers deliberately role model.

	Grounded Theory	Phenomenology	Ethnography	Case Study	Narrative
Goal/purpose	Develop a theoretical model for how a process or action works	Understand the nature of a phenomenon, incident, or circumstance through those who experienced it	Describe and interpret a group's culture/process by examining its behaviors	Develop an in-depth understanding of one or a small number of cases	Explore, in depth, one or more individuals' longitudinal experience(s)
Unit of study/ analysis	 Process, action, or interaction (e.g., learning on rounds or role modeling as teaching strategy) 	Perception of an event or experience (e.g., teaching or role modeling)	Group sharing a culture (e.g., senior residents)	Bounded event, activity, or program (e.g., rounds on specific ward)	One or more individuals (e.g., senior clinician teacher)
Potential research question	 How do students learn on family- centered rounds? How does role modeling impact their learning? 	 How do team members define teaching on family- centered rounds? Does it include role modeling? 	 Do senior residents incorporate "role model" as one of their roles? Do they consciously model patient care for junior learners? 	How does teaching occur during family- centered rounds on a ward with high evaluation scores?	 How has one clinical teacher's experience with teaching on rounds evolved with changes in ward structure and over her career?
Approach to data analysis	Analyze by categorizing and relating data (coding) to generate a model of the process or action	Analyze for significant statements, units of meaning, and the what and/or how of participant experiences	 Analyze the group's behaviors for themes Interpret themes to develop cultural portrait of the group 	 Analyze for key themes important to understanding the case Conduct thematic analysis across cases if using multiple cases 	 Analyze story for key elements Develop themes with an emphasis on sequence, turning points, and context
Potential study outcome	Theoretical model explaining what and who students attend to on rounds and what factors allow an event to become a learning event	Description of the concept of teaching on rounds, and whether role modeling is experienced as teaching	Understanding of senior residents' role modeling beliefs/behaviors and whether they see it as a responsibility	Recommended best practices from exemplar case for teaching on family- centered rounds	Understanding of how teaching on rounds can evolve as faculty gain experience and/or in response to changes in work environment

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